

# Magneto-plasmonic nanocomposites as selective and sensitive sensors for water remediation

Hoang Yen Nguyenova <sup>1</sup>, Mariusz Uchman <sup>2</sup> and Karolina Siskova <sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Dept. of Experimental Physics, Faculty of Science, Palacký University in Olomouc, Czech Republic

<sup>2</sup> Faculty of Science, Charles University in Prague, Czech Republic

hoangyen.nguyenova@upol.cz

Environmental health is a major part of our lives; therefore, monitoring and addressing environmental pollution is essential. Surface-enhanced Raman scattering (SERS) is a highly sensitive analytical technique and a promising tool for detection of trace pollutants [1, 2]. As such, nanocomposites consisting of plasmonic and magnetic nanoparticles (NPs) are excellent candidates for water monitoring and remediation, offering the optical properties of plasmonic NPs (SERS) and facilitating target extraction from the environment using a magnetic field [2, 3]. Here, we present magnetic NPs decorated with Au NPs via chitosan and synthesized through a green route. To confirm SERS detection, highly charged porphyrins were chosen as model adsorbates. The nanocomposites were further functionalized with phenylboronic acid (PBA) to improve selectivity and tested for the SERS detection of other selected pollutants (e.g. amikacin). PBA has a unique ability to form reversible ester bonds with diol-containing molecules depending on the solution pH [4]. Therefore, such decorated magneto-plasmonic nanocomposites can be repeatedly used for the purposes of SERS detection and selective removal of pollutants from water.

## Keywords:

Nanocomposites, magnetic nanoparticles, gold nanoparticles, SERS, phenylboronic acid.

## References:

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## Acknowledgements:

Financial support by the Czech Science Foundation (project no. 25-15590S) is gratefully acknowledged.